## AMBASSADORS SAILORS; SAME SAME......

Our next port was Sasebo, and although at the time we didn't know it, Sasebo was to become our "Home away from home." for we were destined to return there for an extended innort period. The southern and western-most city of our visit in Japan was host to us for two weeks, and from here we had a chance to visit Magasaki and Arita (where much of the dishware and ceramics of Japan are made), a pearl form, Madame Butterfly's house and Hirado Island.

Then on we sailed: our bow headed for the port everyone had been waiting and saving their money for the most mysterious and intriguing Far East port: Hong Kong, When we manned the flight dock, that bright surny norming, we beheld a circus of ships, junks, and sampans as we maneuvered into the channel. Sampens skimmed across

the water in all directions, with beautifully colored fish fin sails.

In Hong Kong we discovered large, modern buildings, at the base of which were the little tailor shops, the jewelry stores, the cabarets, and ... the children, playing whore they could find room, Hong Kong had a touch of San Francisco, New York City and Miami, for if you can't find what you want in Hong Kong, you won't find it onvenere. But running side by side with the nodern and the rich, is the poverty. You may take a bus or a taxi, or even a rickshaw, but sooner or later you'll find it. One tour, from Mondoon, took us to a barren open walley with a



river running down the middle. There were a few rice paddies, a few duck firms, and a barbed wire fence; The Chinese Communist Border, Not much to see, but a lot to think about.

Then back to the Victorian side and Tiger Balm Gardens, "The Disneyland of Hong Kong;" the pulse Bay, and a world of marvellous sight see-

But we carried our clothes and gifts aboard, gathered steam for the Philippines, And if we thought it was bot in Hong Kong, we changed our minds when we got to the P.I. It was completely different from Japan or Hong Kong, Between the larger cities. Manila and Olongapo, the inhabitanta, called "nigritos," lived in small buts. raised from the ground by poles. The vegetation is thick, and where the underbrush stops, large rocks or rugged mountains futt upward into the asure sky. From Subic Bay, where we moored, we took land and boat tours to Manila and Correctdor. In Manila we visited the Memorial Cemetery for the dead of MMII in the Philippines. We saw the gutted bomb-shattered barracks and twisted gum batteries of Corregidor, the tiny island fortress, where General MacArthur defiantly ut-





Then back to Sasebo for a second look before steaming to Kobe, where we celebrated the Fourth of July by hosting 9,000 Japanese on board at "Open House." Here we made use of the opportunity to travel to Nara, Nyoto, Osaka, the "Venice of Japan;" and on to Takaraguka, where we saw the all-girl opera. After two days in Nobe we sailed south

around Eyushu, then north up the Sea of Japan to the northernmost island of Hokkaido, for a visit to the port city of Hakodate.

Hakodate enabled us to see Japan as we had imagined it to be. Here no anticipation or definite image of the "American Sailor" pre-existed. There was very little Western influence in the area, and we were able to view the Japanese as themselves; happy, friendly, and hard working people. People who would smile at you before they fromed, and shake your hand rather than how because "it is your custom."

In Hakodate the essence of our People-to-People program became more vivid as we were invited to visit homes, taught English in High Schools, had discussions, and even played baseball with two local Japanese teams. Our efforts as U.S. Navy Ambassadors in promoting good will and making new friends were stronger, and judging from the friends we made, the hands we shook and the smiles we returned, our mission was accomplished.

