IN REPLY

made similated attacks on the Canal locks, and the demonstration was effective. We made the canal transit on 21 December in the elapsed time of eleven hours and thirty-one minutes, mooring at Balboa an the late afternoon, leaving Balboa on 22 December we began our eruise up the west coast, Rough seas off the Gulf of Tehauntepec, and the consequent theat of seasickness among the crew, caused our Christease dinner to be postponed a couple of days, but we nevertheless enjoyed the susptuous ikk report finally served. The trip up was filled with flight operations and gunnery exercises and emergency drills on 29 December we entered the weept channel to San Diago Harbor, and moored to Berth K, BLS San Diago. During our short etay in this port we locked planes, Incl. oil, provisions, and ammunition and embarked new ship's percennel and passengers. We also took aboard the 36 FAUSS of the Marine squadrons VBF 112 and 123 whose personnel, reported aboard for duty with GAS 82 on 31 December.

The change in the Air Group compliant case so a result of a recent action in the far Pacific. Increased speed of new types of even planes and closing distances to ensuy land-based targets indicated the desirealisty of additional fighter protection and the need of a fast, fighter-booker of the Corsair type. The inclusion of Marine fighter equadrons in a carior air group was an innovation and the performance of the squadrons and of the group was therefore to be matched with considerable interest.

On 1 January 1946 we cleared the dock at North Island, heading west, with the destroyer USS ADAMS (DM 27) in company. We were heavily loaded, carrying